

初三 英语

第一部分 听力部分 (共 20 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 20 分)

(请先用两分钟时间熟悉听力试题, 然后再动笔答题。做题时, 请先将答案划在试卷上, 录音内容结束后, 请再将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡相应的位置上。)

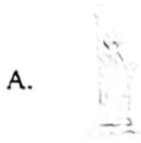
A) 听对话回答问题

本部分共有 10 小题, 每小题你将听到一段对话, 每段对话听两遍。在听每段对话前, 你将有 5 秒钟时间阅读题目; 听完后, 你还有 5 秒钟的时间选出你认为最合适的备选答案。在听到“嘀”的信号后, 进入下一小题。

1. What will the weather be like tomorrow?



2. Where did Mary go during her holiday?



3. Which film does Amy probably like?



4. Where does this conversation probably take place?



5. Who is the man talking to?

A. His teacher.

B. His wife.

C. His son's teacher.

6. What festival are they talking about?

A. The Spring Festival.

B. The Mid-Autumn Festival.

C. The Dragon Boat Festival.

7. What is the woman's phone number?

A. 45668922

B. 45568922

C. 45668822

8. When does school begin?

A. At 7:50.

B. At 8:00.

C. At 8:10.



9. Where did the woman see the mobile phone?
 A. On the sofa. B. On the dining table. C. Beside the computer.

10. What is Daniel like?
 A. Generous. B. Organized. C. Smart.

B) 听对话和短文答题

你将听到一段对话和两篇短文，各听两遍。听每段对话或短文前，你将有时间阅读相关小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，每小题你仍有 5 秒钟的时间选出你认为最合适的备选答案。

听第一段对话，回答第 11~12 小题。答题完毕，请等待“嘀”的信号，进入第一篇短文。

11. How long did the man stay at Mount Tai?
 A. One day. B. Two days. C. Three days.
12. How did the man come back?
 A. By car. B. By plane. C. By train.

听第一篇短文，回答第 13~15 小题。请根据短文内容，选择正确答案，完成信息记录表。答题完毕，请等待“嘀”的信号，进入第二篇短文。

	Advice for you
No.1	Keep thinking! Always ask at least <u>13</u> questions a day.
No.2	Stay healthy and <u>14</u> .
No.3	Talk to your future <u>15</u> .
No.4	Don't do anything stupid!

13. A.3 B.4 C.5
14. A.hard-working B.quiet C.happy
15. A.classmates B.teachers C.leaders

听第二篇短文，回答第 16~20 小题。

16. Who is the letter written to?
 A. A mother. B. A child. C. A doctor.
17. Why did Jim write to Dr. Green?
 A. Because he had trouble getting along with his classmates.
 B. Because he had trouble getting along with his mother.
 C. Because he had trouble with his study.
18. What does Mr. Green think of Jim's problem?
 A. It's a common problem for teenagers.
 B. It's not easy to deal with.
 C. It's something that doesn't often happen.
19. Which suggestion is not given by Dr. Green?
 A. Share school life with her. B. Buy flowers for her. C. Do housework with her.
20. What should Jim remember?
 A. Be polite and patient. B. Be honest and quiet. C. Be talkative and careful.



第二部分 单项填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

请认真阅读下面各题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项。

21. Excellent members who have done _____ great job made the 20th National Congress of the Communist Party of China _____ great success
A. /, B. a, a C. , a D. the, a
22. In China, most women are supposed to be _____ white _____ their wedding days.
A. in; in B. on; on C. in; on D. on; in
23. He has devoted all he had _____ children in poor areas.
A. to help B. for helping C. to helping D. for help
24. —What do you think of my plan?
—Well, _____ I agree with you. But you may ask someone else. They may have different ideas.
A. in all B. in fact C. in need D. in general
25. —It's dangerous to walk across the street without looking at the traffic lights.
—You're right. We can't be _____ careful while crossing the street.
A. much B. very C. too D. so
26. We'll meet kinds of difficulties in our lives in the future. We should learn to be _____ any challenge!
A.confident enough to take on B.active enough to take up
C.enough careful to take up D.enough patient to take on
27. —You look _____. What's wrong?
—The coming exam _____ me a lot. I don't know what to do.
A. worrying; worries B. worried; worries
C. worries; worried D. worried; worrying
28. —Good news! The Underground Line 7 in Suzhou _____ to come into service next year.
—Great! Transport will be much easier for us.
A. will be expected B. is expected C. expects D. is expecting
29. —The 2022 Winter Olympic Games were held successfully.
—Yes, and do you know _____ ?
A. how often they took place
B. where are the athletes from
C. who took part in the games
D. how many medals did the Chinese athletes get
30. —Many people believe that boys do better than girls in science and math.
—_____ There are many great female scientists in the world.
A. That's not the case. B. I think so.
C. You'd better not D. Don't mention it.



第三部分 完型填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

请认真阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项。

I never thought I would be a “runner”. I was the girl who ran slowest in the PE class. A few years ago, I was walking with a group of 31 in the Race for the Cure, a 5km race designed to 32 money for the fight against cancer. 33 one lady caught my eye.

She was one of the weakest-looking women I've ever seen. She must have been close to seventy years old, wearing a T-shirt with the word “Survivor”. She was so small that it seemed as if she could even be turned 34 by a strong wind. But, she was running. And she was 35 me and my group of friends. She ran slowly, but determinedly (坚定地)—as if each step 36 her cancer further into her past. Right at that moment, I 37 that in the next Race for the Cure, I'd be running along with her.

A week later, I found myself in the gym, running on the treadmill (跑步机). Three minutes after I started, my face was bright red. I felt like my lungs were going to burst. I had to slow down to a walk. I thought of the woman at the race. I kept it up. I was able to go a little 38 each time. Three and a half minutes. Four minutes. Five.

A year later, I was again at the Race for the Cure, but this time, I 39 with the runners. When the race started, the other runners passed me by. I ran forward. I wondered if I'd be able to do it. But then, I remembered the brave woman. I ran as fast as I could until I finally crossed that finish line. I had just finished my first race! I looked down at my legs, amazed. They had done something I'd never thought 40. I have never felt stronger than at that moment. And, I knew that I wanted to do it again.

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|----------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| 31. A. friends | B. teachers | C. students | D. patients |
| 32. A. save | B. use | C. make | D. raise |
| 33. A. while | B. when | C. until | D. before |
| 34. A. off | B. up | C. down | D. over |
| 35. A. passing | B. watching | C. greeting | D. calling |
| 36. A. pulled | B. pushed | C. brought | D. took |
| 37. A. learned | B. decided | C. agreed | D. explained |
| 38. A. earlier | B. longer | C. harder | D. farther |
| 39. A. watched | B. queued | C. walked | D. talked |
| 40. A. good | B. right | C. possible | D. necessary |

第四部分 阅读理解 (共 12 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 24 分)

请认真阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项。

A

After-school clubs are a great way to help kids develop themselves in different areas. They will serve kids well throughout their lives.



Except that it's not really much of a victory. Most people don't like it when other people disagree with their ideas, especially online strangers. It's unlikely that they will change their opinions just because you argued with them. In fact, it's possible that you made them feel more confident that they're correct.

And the thing is, when you get in these kinds of fights online, it slowly influences you. You might not know it at first, but the argument that you take part in can actually have a bad effect on your mood. If you argue often, you start to enjoy arguing and then end up doing it even more. It's a dangerous cycle.

I guess the best thing to do is to tell yourself that most arguments aren't worth it. There are much better and more interesting things to do, whether online or in real life.

44. How does the writer feel about social media?

A. People seldom use it to argue.

B. Many people use it to show their opinions.

C. It is a good way to connect with strangers.

D. You can't know other people's real ideas.

45. What does the writer tell us in Paragraph 3?

A. Arguments can change people's minds.

B. Disagreeing with someone won't change their mind.

C. People who post their ideas on social media are usually incorrect.

D. It's easy to win arguments online.

46. How may arguing online influence you?

A. You will face a lot of dangers.

B. You will become more confident.

C. You might feel bad and argue more.

D. You will get better at arguing.

C

Anne had been at Green Gables two weeks before Mrs Rachel Lynde came to see what she was like.

"You're not much to look at," Mrs Lynde said. "You're very thin and plain. And your face has freckles, and your hair is the colour of carrots."

"I hate you," cried Anne. "I hate you! I hate you!"

"What a temper!" cried Mrs Lynde.

"Anne, go to your room and stay there until I come up," said Marilla. Anne ran to her room, crying.

Afterward, Marilla went upstairs to talk to Anne.

"Mrs Lynde had no right to call me ugly and red-headed," Anne cried.

"You had no right to get angry like that," said Marilla in a calm voice. "You must go to Mrs Lynde and tell her you are sorry."

"No," Anne said, "I'm not sorry."

The next morning, Matthew went to Anne's room. "I think you should apologize to Mrs Lynde," he said. "Will you do that for me?"

Anne thought about this. She liked Matthew. She thought he was kind. "All right," she said, "I'll apologize."

"Good girl," Matthew said.

Anne went downstairs and said to Marilla. "I'm sorry. I was rude to Mrs Lynde. I'd like to apologize to her." Marilla was surprised but also very pleased. They drove over to Mrs Rachel Lynde's



51. What does it mean to "hem and haw"?
- A. To take one's time in choosing
B. To buy more than one thing
C. To stop catching the truck
D. To choose quickly
52. All of the following are true EXCEPT _____.
- A. the ice cream truck makes this person feel happy
B. this person is not allowed to leave the street where she lives
C. this person always gets an orange push-up
D. other people in the neighborhood enjoy the ice cream truck too

第五部分 信息还原 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

History is a record of what has happened in the past. 53 The really amazing one is that much of history has been repeated time and again. It allows us to learn from the past, both the mistakes made and the successes achieved.

History allows us to read how other people have grown out of big challenges in their life. These challenges all convey (传达) the same thing. 54

55 He experienced many failures before finally inventing the modern day light bulb. He could be a good example of a person who never gave up. 56 However, he did not let those failures stop him. He had a dream and he just kept trying different things until he did reach success.

Or, consider the story of Abraham Lincoln. Most of us only realize the success of Mr. Lincoln becoming President. 57 His life was not an easy one. His story is one that encourages us to keep moving forward no matter what problems we have in life.

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| <p>A. History has a lot of influence on us.</p> <p>B. Take for example the story of Thomas Edison.</p> <p>C. History has some special qualities.</p> <p>D. I am sure he was discouraged by his many failures.</p> <p>E. It tells us never to give up.</p> <p>F. Few of us knew about the many challenges he had to overcome.</p> <p>G. Only those with courage to face challenges can hope to live their dreams.</p> |
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第六部分 词汇检测 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

根据下列句子及所给汉语注释或通过上下文, 写出空缺处各单词的正确形式。每空一词。

58. As a Young _____ (先锋), it is our duty to help the elderly.
59. We like our English teacher a lot because his class is always much _____ (生气勃勃).
60. The team lost the chance to go to the final just because of some of the players' _____ (粗心).
61. I need a desk _____ (日历) to mark some important dates.
62. — Why do you always believe what he says?
— Well, in my opinion, what _____ (要紧) most is that he never lies to me.



63. —Thanks a lot for your help!
—You are welcome. A true friend gives help _____ (无论何时) you need it.
64. Please give me my glasses. I can h_____ see the words on the blackboard.
65. Read English a_____ every morning, and you will find speaking easy.
66. I asked him the question twice, but sadly, he hasn't _____ to me.
67. I'm interested in _____ he will go abroad or not.

第七部分 句子翻译 (共 10 空; 每空 1 分, 满分 10 分)

请在横线上填入正确的单词, 使英文与中文对应。每空一词。

68. 既然你已经落后了, 你得比其他人更努力学习。
Since you have _____ you have to work harder than others.
69. 我觉得这是个好主意, 但是爸爸妈妈都不同意。
I think it is a good idea, but _____ Dad _____ Mum _____ with me.
70. 当你希望取得成功时, 你应该多穿黄色。
You should wear yellow more when _____ success.
71. 毫无疑问, 他的意见是值得采纳的。
There's no doubt that his suggestions _____.

第八部分 选词填空 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

请认真阅读下面短文, 从方框中选择适当的单词或短语, 在横线上填入其正确形式。每个单词或短语仅用一词。

believe prefer similar to though would rather

What does your hair colour say about you?

Do different hair colours mean different personalities? Let's see what these four people think about the description about hair colours and personality.

Red hair

Research shows that people with red hair are usually confident, impatient and stubborn. Sometimes they get angry easily. They 72 not forgive others.

Brown hair

People with brown hair are said to be sensible, calm and generous. They 73 to be kind and loving.

Blonde hair

There is a popular saying that 'blondes have more fun'. Is it true? It is said that blonde people 74 parties to work. They are loud and humorous. Some people also say they are less intelligent.

Black hair

Black hair is really very dark brown hair. People with this hair colour are thought to be 75 those with lighter brown hair. They are even more sensible and are calmer, 76 they are more confident and can be stubborn.



第九部分 阅读表达 (共3题; 第77题1分, 第78题2分, 第79题3分, 满分6分)

请认真阅读下面短文, 用英语回答短文后的问题, 并将答案写在横线上。

Mark Twain is one of the most quoted authors ever. There are hundreds of his quotations (语录) on posters and websites. Here is an example:

"If you tell the truth, you don't have to remember anything."—Mark Twain.

Quotations like this one give us guidance. It reminds us that telling a lie is much more difficult than telling the truth. Telling a lie means you have to remember what you said each time you tell the lie. If you tell the truth, there is nothing to remember. He suggests that you shouldn't lie not because it is wrong, but because it is hard work. Here is another example:

"Always obey your parents when they are present."—Mark Twain.

Again, this quotation gives good advice to always obey your parents, but the humorous part is when they are present. The quotation tells you to obey your parents when they are there with you—because they can see what you are doing.

Albert Einstein's quotations are also popular. Many of his quotations are inspirational (鼓舞人心的). This means that they help us to do our best and be the best person we can be. Here is an example:

"Learn from yesterday, live for today, hope for tomorrow. The important thing is not to stop questioning."—Albert Einstein.

This is a much more serious quotation than the two Mark Twain ones. It gives us a lot to think about. Also, because this was said by Albert Einstein, it makes us want to take the quotation serious. This quotation gives us hope that we can learn from any mistake we made yesterday. It reminds us to always look closely at everything we do and ask the right questions to help us achieve our best.

77. According to Mark Twain's quotation, why shouldn't we tell a lie?

78. What does "Learn from yesterday" in Albert Einstein's quotation really mean?

79. Among the three quotations above, which one impresses you most? Why?

第十部分 书面表达 (共1题; 满分20分)

2022年新颁布的《义务教育课程标准》中强调教育中要落实劳动教育。你校英文校刊正在开展以“做家务, 助成长”为主题的征文比赛。请根据以下要点提示, 写一篇短文参赛。

(1) What kind of housework do you often do?

(2) Why do you think we need to do housework?

注意事项:

- ① 内容应包括所有提示要点, 可适当发挥;
- ② 文中不得出现真实姓名、校名等信息;
- ③ 词数: 100词左右(文章开头已给出, 不计入总词数)。

Doing housework is glorious (光荣的).

