
2020-2021 学年第二学期期末考试试卷

初一英语

注意事项:

1. 本试卷分第 I 卷 (选择题) 和第 II 卷 (非选择题) 两卷, 试卷满分 100 分, 考试时间 100 分钟。
2. 答题前, 考生务必将自己的班级、姓名、考场号、座位号等信息用 0.5 毫米黑色墨水签字笔填写在答题卡密封线内黑框内的班级、学号用 2B 铅笔填涂。
3. 答选择题须用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑, 如需改动, 请用橡皮擦干净后, 再选涂其他答案; 答非选择题必须用 0.5 毫米黑色墨水签字笔写在答题卡相应的位置, 不在答题区域内的答案一律无效, 不得用其他笔答题。
4. 考生答题必须答在答题卡上, 答在试卷和草稿纸上一律无效。

第 I 卷 (选择题, 共 64 分)

一、听力 (共 15 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

第一部分 听对话回答问题 (每小题 1 分, 计 5 分)

本部分共有 5 小题, 每小题你将听到一段对话, 每段对话听两遍。在听每段对话前, 你将有 5 秒钟的时间阅读题目; 听完后你还有 5 秒钟的时间选择你认为最合适的备选答案。

1. Where did the boy go?
A. He went to the zoo. B. He went to the park. C. He went to the school.
2. What does the woman mean?
A. She doesn't like to drive now.
B. She spends much time practicing.
C. She likes driving.
3. What would the man's daughter like?
A. Some milk. B. Some juice. C. Some chocolate milk tea.
4. What will the weather be like tomorrow?
A. Cloudy. B. Rainy. C. Sunny.
5. How much are 3 pairs of socks?
A. Two dollars. B. Three dollars. C. Five dollars.

第二部分 听对话和短文回答问题 (每小题 1 分, 计 10 分)

你将听到一段对话和两篇短文, 各听两遍。听每段对话或短文前, 你将有时间阅读相关小题, 每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 每小题仍有 5 秒钟的时间选择你认为最合适的备选答案。

听一段对话, 回答 6-7 小题。

6. Who bought a dog for Cindy?
A. Her father. B. Her mother. C. Her brother.
7. How many things does Cindy need to do for the dog?

A. Two.

B.Three.

C.Four.

听第一篇短文，回答第 8-10 题。

New York City	
Things they have done	They have seen the Statue of Liberty, the United Nations building and <u> 8 </u> .
Things they will do	They will see a nice <u> 9 </u> tonight. They will <u> 10 </u> on the last day.

8. A. Times Square

B. Central Park

C. Wall Street

9. A. show

B. film

C. match

10. A. rest at the hotel

B. visit a friend

C. go shopping

听第二篇短文，回答第 11-15 小题。

11. What is a bear like?

A. It has a large body, long legs and a long tail.

B. It has a small body, thick legs and a short tail.

C. It has a large body, thick legs and a short tail.

12. What do the bears eat?

A. Only meat.

B. Only plants.

C. Both plants and meat

13. How is the bears' eyesight?

A. Bears have good eyesight.

B. Bears have bad eyesight.

C. Bears can't see anything.

14. What do the bears use to find food?

A.Their noses.

B.Their mouths.

C. Their eyes.

15. Which of the following is **TRUE**?

A. They are very dangerous animals.

B. They are less clever than most other animals.

C. They can also walk with their “feet”.

二、单项填空 (共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 10 分)

请认真阅读下面各题，从题中所给的 A,B,C,D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

16. — Do you know when Mr. Mu left _____ city?

— Sorry, I just remember it was _____ Sunday.

A. a;a

B. the;the

C. a; the

D. the; a

17. — What are you doing, Lucy?

— I am searching the Internet. But I didn't find much _____ about the topic.

A. report

B. article

C. information

D. story

18. — Could you go to the bookshop with me? I want to buy a book by Cao Wenxuan?

— Sorry, I _____. My mum told me to go home right after school.

A. couldn't

B. can't

C. needn't

D. mustn't

19. — Do you want to have _____ for your supper?
— Well, _____ is OK with me.
A. something; everything B. anything; anything
C. everything; nothing D. anything; something
20. — Why do snakes eat little during cold winter?
— Oh, they sleep _____ the winter, so they don't need much energy.
A. in B. on C. through D. across
21. — The machine is making so much _____.
— Yes. How _____ it is!
A. noise;noisy B. noisy;noise C. noise;noisily D. noisy;noisily
22. — Don't forget to _____ all the lights before you go to bed, Jack.
— OK, Mum.
A. put down B. put off C. put out D. put up
23. — I can't find anybody _____ me with my English.
— You can ask Tina for help. Just now I found her _____ Jim English in the classroom.
A. to help; teach B. to help; teaching C. help; teach D. help;teaching
24. — There is someone knocking at the door.
— I think it is the computer repairman. I _____ him to come to fix my computer.
A. call B. am calling C. will call D. called
25. — Are you all right today?
— _____. I caught a bad cold this morning.
A. Quite well B. It's hard to say C. I'm not myself D. I'm not good

三、完型填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

请认真阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的 A,B,C,D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项。

There was a boy named Reggie. He was well-known in his hometown because he couldn't _____ 26 _____ anything. His parents said that he was born deaf. Although people liked him a lot, they also treated him much more differently than other people. Other children worried that they might hurt him _____ 27 _____ playing with him. Adults thought he was not able to _____ 28 _____ them because they often mistook him.

However, this year, people got to understand Reggie much better. On Reggie's birthday, people in the town would wear earplugs so that they couldn't hear anything _____ 29 _____. People thought of this day _____ 30 _____ the Day of Silence. People got to know how _____ 31 _____ life could be when they couldn't hear anything. They also learned that Reggie had many skills.

On that day, _____ 32 _____ thought of Reggie as just a deaf person. People saw a whole new side of him. They paid more attention to the things he said. They were also _____ 33 _____ by his smartness and how he was able to find a solution to nearly any problem that he faced. They realized that he had _____ 34 _____ been like that, and that he simply needed to communicate with others in a different _____ 35 _____. In the end, he was really just like any other little boy.

On the Day of Silence, people came to know Reggie's true nature. They learned that although most of us were different from each other- sometimes in big ways- we were still mostly the same in our hearts and minds.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| 26. A. hear | B. see | C. smell | D. say |
| 27. A. after | B. before | C. while | D. till |
| 28. A. understand | B. beat | C. discuss | D. invite |
| 29. A. too | B. also | C. either | D. any more |
| 30. A. on | B. in | C. as | D. for |
| 31. A. amazing | B. wonderful | C. easy | D. difficult |
| 32. A. somebody | B. nobody | C. anybody | D. everybody |
| 33. A. surprised | B. relaxed | C. interested | D. excited |
| 34. A. hardly | B. seldom | C. always | D. never |
| 35. A. time | B. place | C. event | D. way |

四、阅读理解 (共 12 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 24 分)

请认真阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的 A,B,C,D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项。

A



How Brave Are You?

Join us for an evening of humor, history and horror in the streets of Old Glasgow. Daily, April—October

Walking Tours of Glasgow

Historic Glasgow 2.00 PM

Gruesome Glasgow 7.00 PM

Ghosts and Ghouls 9.00 PM

All tours leave from George Square.

Each tour lasts 90 minutes.

Adults: £ 5.00

Students: £ 4.00

Children(Under 12): £ 3.00

Family (2 Adults&2 Children): £ 13.00

For more information

Tel/Fax: (0141) 772 0022

E-mail: info@mercat-tours.co.uk

Web: <http://www.mercat-tours.co.uk>

36. How long does the tour of Gruesome Glasgow last?

A. Half an hour. B. Only one hour. C. One hour and a half D. Two hours.

37. Mr. Smith with his wife and two children, one 11 and the other 9, will have a tour of Historic Glasgow. How much will he pay at least?

A. £ 2. B. £ 13. C. £ 16. D. £ 17.

-
38. From the ad, visitors can NOT find the _____ of Old Glasgow.
A. address B. web address C. E-mail address D. phone number
39. If a student wants to have a tour of Ghosts and Ghouls, he _____.
A. will have to pay £ 5 B. can have the tour by bike
C. can have the tour in May D. had better go there at 10.00 AM

B

When I was younger, I knew my parents had trouble with money. We would go to eat at a kitchen(救济站) four nights a week.

One day, a man walked into the soup kitchen and asked me what my name was and where I lived. I told him about my information. Then he left and I didn't see him anymore.

Later that night on our way home, my mom started crying. She told me that our apartment rent (租金) would go up and that my grandma died.

As we went into our apartment, she asked me to take the mail from the mailbox. The only thing I found inside was one letter. As I walked back in, a familiar man called me back and said that I left something in our mailbox. I reached in and took out a second letter.

I gave the letters to my mom. She opened the first one and found our rent bill. I looked at the second letter and I gave it to my mom with shaking hands and asked her to open it. We found lots of money inside. We couldn't help crying. I had a feeling that I knew who it was from, but I didn't want to tell my mom.

40. Why did the man ask the girl's name and address?
A. Because he wanted to make friends with her.
B. Because he wanted to offer her some help.
C. Because he wanted to visit her family.
D. Because he was the boss of the soup kitchen.
41. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?
A. The girl ate at the soup kitchen every day when she was young.
B. The rent on their apartment would go down after her grandma died.
C. The girl might feel hopeful when she handed the second letter to her mom.
D. The first letter was full of several hundred-dollar bills inside.
42. At the end of the story, how did the writer feel?
A. Sorry. B. Worried. C. Silly. D. Thankful.
43. From the passage, we know the second letter came from _____.
A. the strange man B. the owner of the soup kitchen
C. their relative D. their friend

C

Do you want to have a pet? Having a pet is becoming very common(常见的) in China these days. And pet owners are now willing to spend more money on their pets than before.

According to a report from goumin.com and Pet Fair Asia, Chinese people living in cities

spent a total of 202.4 billion yuan on their pets in 2019. Most pet owners are people born after 1990. Most of them have high incomes and are well-educated. Pet owners in China are spending more on pet food, clothing and furniture, according to a report from Euromonitor International.

Miss Hou, 28, lives in Chengdu. She spent 6,000 yuan on her two cats before. “I bought tinned cat food from the United States, New Zealand, Japan and Thailand.” Hou said to Xinhua. “If I have time, I also cook for them,” she said.

“An aging society and fewer people having children are among the main reasons for keeping pet,” said Liu Xiaoxia, CEO of goumin.com. “Keeping pets has met the emotional(感情的) needs of many people. Almost 60 per cent of pet owners see their animal friends as their own children.” Liu said.

Beating loneliness might be another reason. Many young people are leaving their hometowns to make a living in big cities. “They are suffering (遭受) from great loneliness and pressure, as they have few friends and face a high cost of living. Keeping pets will help them feel relaxed.” the 2019 Chinese Pet Industry White Paper said.

44. From the second paragraph we can know that _____.

- A. most old people in cities keep pets.
- B. people in cities spend a lot on pets.
- C. only people with high education keep pets.
- D. old people spend much more on pets.

45. The underlined word “tinned” here means “_____” in Chinese.

- A. 罐装的
- B. 自制的
- C. 昂贵的
- D. 便宜的

46. People keep pets to _____ according to Liu Xiaoxia.

- A. meet the emotional needs
- B. get some extra money
- C. make good friends
- D. make a better living

47. Where can we find the passage?

- A. In an ad.
- B. In a storybook.
- C. In a newspaper.
- D. In a novel.

五、信息还原 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

根据对话内容, 从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

A: How was your May Day holiday?

B: _____ 48 _____

A: What did you do for the holiday?

B: I went to the city park with my family. _____ 49 _____

A: Wow! You really did something nice. _____ 50 _____

B: From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.

A: _____ 51 _____

B: We took some food and water.

A: _____ 52 _____ I want to help.

B: Sure! I'm glad you can join us.

- A. Did you go there with anyone?
- B. What about your lunch?
- C. It was great.
- D. How long did you stay there?
- E. Can I join you next time?
- F. It tasted really good!
- G. We helped the cleaners clean the park.

第 II 卷 (非选择题, 共 36 分)

六、词汇检测 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

根据下列句子及所给汉语注释或通过上下文, 在答题卡标有题号的横线上, 写出空缺处各单词的正确形式。每空只写一词。

53. There were strange _____ (声音) coming from the next door.
54. See that all the doors are _____ (锁上) before you leave.
55. 2021 is the _____ (百) anniversary (周年) of the founding of the Communist Party of China.
56. My uncle told me that the wonderful drawings might be that _____ (工程师).
57. When she was a child, she often _____ (与...打架) with her younger sister.
58. The _____ (种植) season is from April to September.
59. I think the film should be over _____ (不迟于) 9:30 p.m..
60. — Can we put another bed in this room?
— Sure. It is big _____ for a third one.
61. — How much does the biggest goldfish in the world _____ ?
— It is about 13.5 kg.
62. — What does the Chinese saying “Old habits die hard” tell us?
— It means we should start exercising _____ it is too late.

七、翻译句子 (共 5 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

将下列句子译成英语, 并将所译句子写在答题卡标有题号的横线上。

63. 别瞪大眼睛看着我。
64. 看! 他胖得挤不过那扇小门。
65. 我期待着参加后天的户外活动。
66. 从大火中救出了这位艺术家, 他是多么勇敢啊!
67. 社区中心的志愿者们将会乐意相互分享不同的技能吗?

八、阅读表达 (共 3 小题; 68 题 1 分, 69 题 2 分, 70 题 3 分, 满分 6 分)

What is a Chinatown? Is it a town in China? Of course not! It is in a foreign country. It is a place where many overseas Chinese live together.

There are lots of Chinatown in America. The biggest one is in New York. There are about 150,000 people in it. It is the home of Chinese New Yorkers. And it is also a good place to go.

Shopping in Chinatown: Shopping in Chinatown is fun. You can find lots of things here. Most of them are made in China. Mott Street is the best place to shop because the things there are very cheap.

Eating in Chinatown: Chinatown has more than 200 restaurants. You can enjoy traditional Chinese food here. New Silver Palace Restaurant is one of the best restaurants. You can eat some Shanghai food in Evergreen Restaurant.

Living in Chinatown: Living in Chinatown is comfortable. You can find hospitals, schools, banks, libraries and supermarkets in it. In some schools, students must study Chinese. Many overseas Chinese send their children to these schools. They want their children to learn more about China and its culture.

68. What is a Chinatown?

69. How is life in Chinatown?

70. Will you visit the Chinatown if you go to New York one day? Why or why not?

九、书面表达 (共 1 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

There are many kinds of happiness in the world — happiness from being together with family and close friends, happiness from reading interesting books, happiness from travelling to a wonderful place and so on. But you may become happier from helping others.

以 “Happiness from Helping Others” 为题, 写一篇文章。文章包含以下要点:

What are you?	Your abilities and personality
What did you do to help others?	Examples (1-2)
What is your feeling?	Your feelings and opinion (看法)

要求: 1.意思连贯, 书写规范, 要点齐全, 可适当发挥。

2. 词数 90 词左右,开头和结尾不计入字数。

3. 不要出现真实的人名和校名。

Happiness from Helping Others

There are many kinds of happiness in the world. Among them, I think I can become happier from helping others.

Let's join our hands to help more people and to get more happiness from our kind act.